

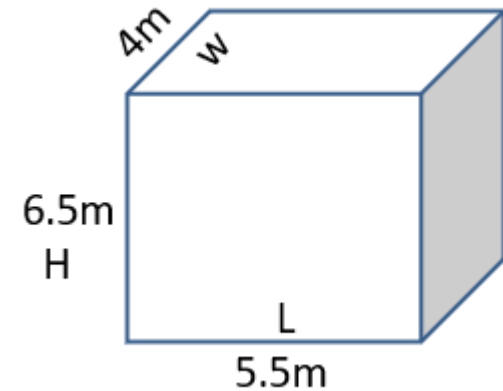
# Quantitative Methods Volume

Module No. Cons 1012

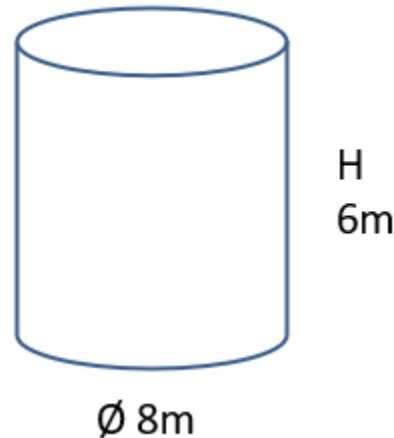
Lecturer Jennifer Byrne

# Volume

- The **Volume** of an object is the amount of space that it occupies.
- The **S.I. Unit** for volume is the cubic metre
- The **S.I. Symbol** for volume is  $\text{m}^3$
- Rectangular Solids
- Length x Width x Height
- $5.5 \times 4 \times 6.5 = 143\text{m}^3$

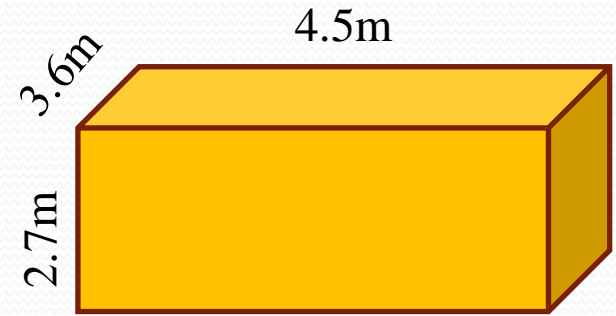


- The Cylinder
- Area of Base x Height
- $\pi \times 4^2 \times 6 = 301.59 \text{ m}^3$



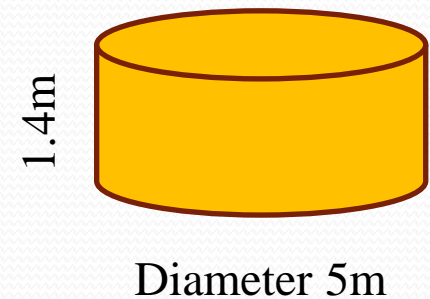
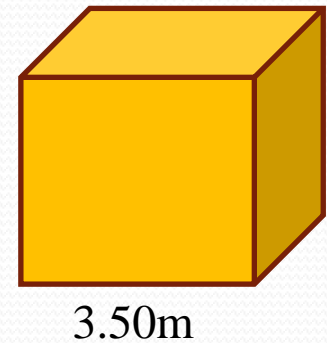
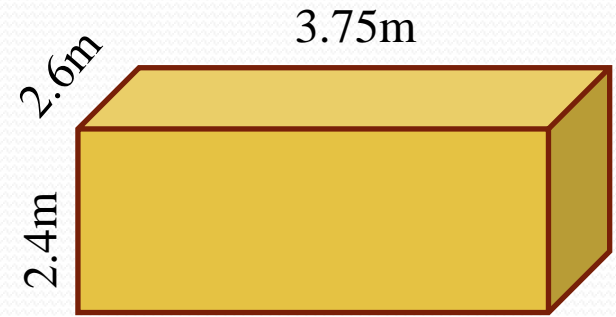
# Volume

- The **S.I. Symbol** for volume is  $\text{m}^3$
- Length x Breadth x Height
- $L \times B \times H = \text{Volume}$
- $4.5 \times 3.6 \times 2.7 = 43.74\text{m}^3$
  
- When calculating Volume you should bring all measurements to the same SI unit.
- $23\text{cm} = 0.23\text{m}$
- $23\text{mm} = 0.023\text{m}$



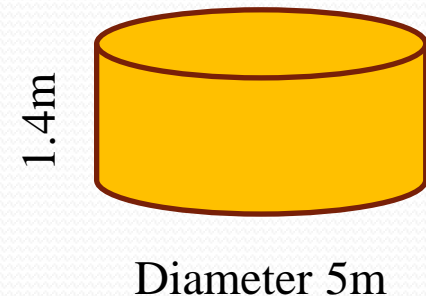
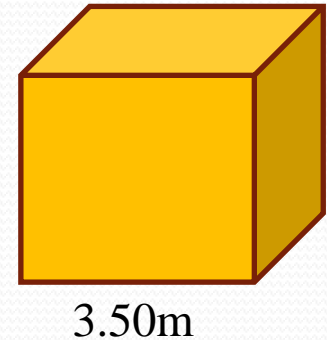
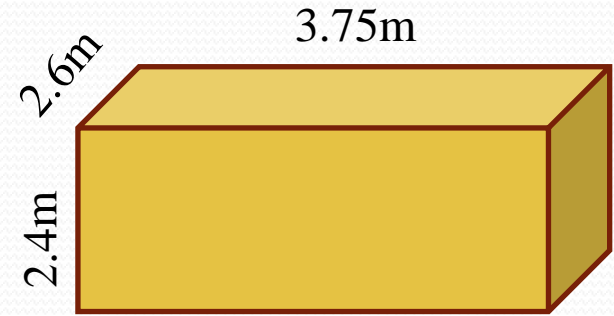
# Volume

- Q 1. Calculate the Volume of the cuboid.
- Q 2. Calculate the Volume of the cube.
- Q 3. Calculate the Volume of the cylinder.



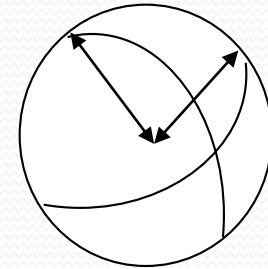
# Volume

- Q 1. Calculate Volume of the cuboid.
- $L \times B \times H = \text{Volume}$
- $3.75 \times 2.6 \times 2.4 = 23.4\text{m}^3$
  
- Q 2. Calculate the Volume of the cube
- $L \times B \times H = \text{Volume}$
- $3.5 \times 3.5 \times 3.5 = 42.875\text{m}^3$
  
- Q 3. Calculate the Volume of the cylinder.
- $\pi r^2 h = \text{Volume}$
- $\pi \times 2.5^2 \times 1.4 = 27.48\text{m}^3$



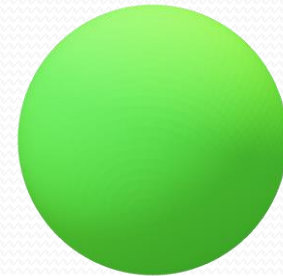
# Volume of Sphere

- Calculate the Volume of the Sphere.
- Formula:  $\text{Volume} = \frac{4 \pi r^3}{3}$
- $\frac{4 \times \pi \times 2^3}{3} = \frac{100.53}{3} = 33.510\text{m}^3$
- Q 1. Calculate the Volume of the Sphere A.
- Q 2. Calculate the Volume of the Sphere B.



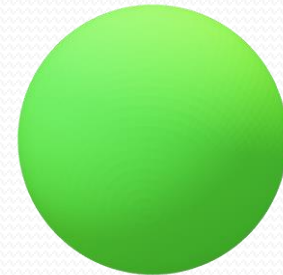
Radius = 2m

A



Radius = 3.75m

B

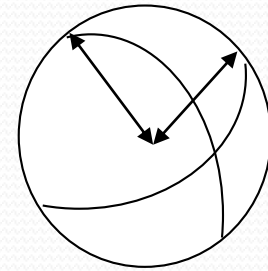


Diameter = 7.5m

# Volume of Sphere

- Calculate the Volume of the Sphere.

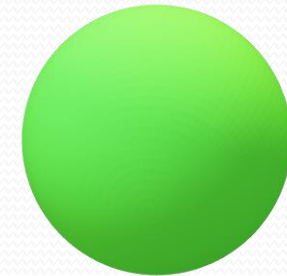
- $\frac{4 \times \pi \times 2^3}{3} = \frac{100.53}{3} = 33.510\text{m}^3$



Radius = 2m

- Q 1. Calculate the Volume of the Sphere A. A

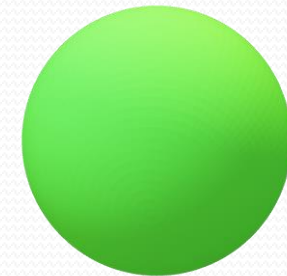
- $\frac{4 \times \pi \times 3.75^3}{3} = \frac{662.679}{3} = 220.893\text{m}^3$



Radius = 3.75m

- Q 2. Calculate the Volume of the Sphere B. B

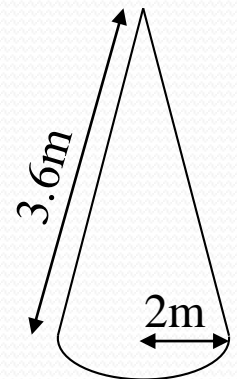
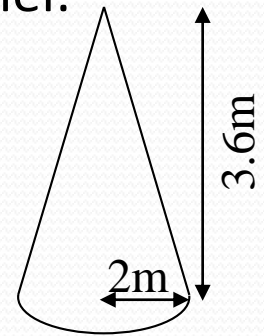
- $\frac{4 \times \pi \times 3.75^3}{3} = \frac{662.679}{3} = 220.893\text{m}^3$



Diameter = 7.5m

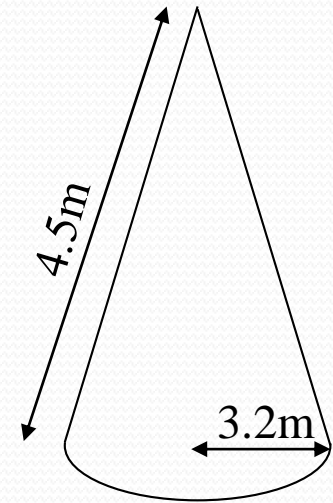
# Volume of Cones

- **NOTE:** When working with cones you need vertical height to calculate **volume** and sloping side length to calculate surface area. If you only have one of these, you may need to work out the other.
- E.g. 1. Calculate the volume of the Cone.
- Formula:  $= \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$
- $\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 2^2 \times 3.6 = 15.079\text{m}^3$
- E.g.2. Calculate the Volume of the Cone.
- First, we need the height Pythagoras Theorem  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
- $3.6^2 - 2^2 = 8.96$
- $\sqrt{8.96} = 2.99\text{m}$
- $\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 2^2 \times 2.99 = 12.511\text{m}^3$



# Volume of Cones

- Q 1. Calculate the Volume of the Cone.
- Formula: Volume =  $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$
- First, we need height Pythagoras Theorem  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

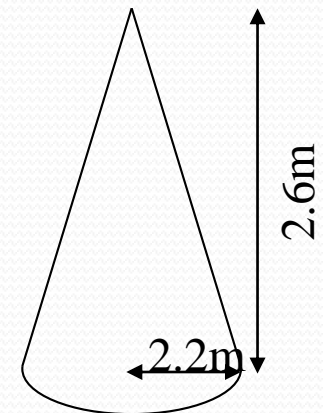
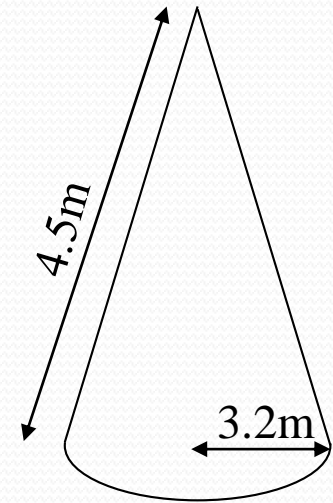


- Q 2. Calculate the Volume of the Cone.



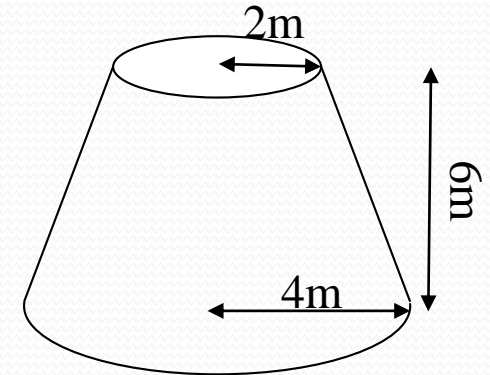
# Volume of Cones

- Q 1. Calculate the Volume of the Cone.
- Formula: Volume =  $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$
- First, we need height Pythagoras Theorem  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
- $4.5^2 - 3.2^2 = 10.01$
- $\sqrt{10.01} = 3.16\text{m}$
- $\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 3.2^2 \times 3.16 = 33.85\text{m}^3$
  
- Q 2. Calculate the Volume of the Cone.
- $\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 2.2^2 \times 2.6 = 13.16\text{m}^3$



# Volume of Truncated Cones

- Q7. Calculate the Volume of the Truncated Cone.
- Formula:  $\text{Volume} = \frac{1}{3} \pi h(R^2 + \{Rr\} + r^2)$
- $\text{Volume} = \frac{1}{3} \pi 6 (4^2 + \{4 \times 2\} + 2^2)$
- $= \frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 6 (28)$
- $= 175.929\text{m}^3$



# Volume of Truncated Cones

- **NOTE:** if we are not given the height then we must find it using Pythagoras Theorem  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

- Q 6.  $0.5^2 - 0.3^2 = 0.16$      $\sqrt{0.16} = 0.4\text{m}$



- Volume =  $\frac{1}{3} \pi h(R^2 + \{Rr\} + r^2)$

- Volume =  $\frac{1}{3} \pi 0.4 (0.6^2 + \{0.6 \times 0.3\} + 0.3^2)$

- $\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 0.4 \times (0.63) = 0.264\text{m}^3$

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- Calculate the Volume of the Truncated Cone

- Formula: Volume =  $\frac{1}{3} \pi h(R^2 + \{Rr\} + r^2)$

- Volume =  $\frac{1}{3} \pi 4 (5^2 + \{5 \times 2\} + 2^2)$

- $= \frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 4 (39)$

- $= 163.36\text{m}^3$

